

AL-7108

2.4m (94") C-Band Circular and Ku Band Linear Maritime Stabilized VSAT Dual System



Installation and Operation Manual

Document: MAN32-0190 Revision: A



Copyright

© 2011 Orbit Communication Ltd. All rights reserved.

All product names are trademarks of Orbit Communication Ltd.

Other names are the property of the respective owners.

No part of this publication may be reproduced, transmitted, transcribed, stored in a retrieval system, or translated into any language or computer language, in any form or by any means, electronic or otherwise, without the prior written permission of Orbit Communication Ltd.

Disclaimer of Warranty

Orbit Communication Ltd has made every effort to ensure the accuracy and relevancy of the material in this document. It is expected that all sections of this document will be read thoroughly and that all information and procedures should be fully understood.

However, Orbit Communication Ltd assumes no responsibility for any errors that may appear in this document, and reserves the right to make changes to the document without notice.

Orbit Communication Ltd makes no warranty of any kind in regard to this document, including, but not limited to, the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose.

Orbit Communication Ltd disclaims any responsibility for incidental or consequential damages in connection with the furnishing, performance or use of this document.

Parts of this document may be based on hardware or software developed by third-party vendors. Orbit Communication Ltd disclaims any responsibility for the accuracy of this document with respect to such hardware and software, and assumes no responsibility for incidental or consequential damages arising due to discrepancies between this document and such hardware or software.



Revision History & Control

Revision History

Revision #	Date	Description	
Rev: -	August 2007	Initial version	
Rev A			



Table of Contents

S	AFI	ETY	PR	ECAUTIONS	. 7
Α	CR	ON'	YMS	AND ABBREVIATIONS	. 8
Α	ВО	UT	THIS	S MANUAL	. 9
1	.	DUA	AL S	YSTEM	10
	1.1	1.	DES	SCRIPTION	10
		1.1.	1.	Dual System Configuration	10
		1.1.	2.	Dual System Hand-Over Concept	12
		1.1.	3.	Theory of Operation - Block Diagram Description	15
2	. (CCI	או ע	STALLATION AND CONNECTIONS	18
	2.1	1.	INT	RODUCTION	18
	2.2	2.	CCI	J INSTALLATION	18
	2.3	3.	COI	NNECTING CCU CABLES	20
	;	2.3.	1.	CCU Rear-Panel Connectors Overview	20
	;	2.3.	2. G	eneral-Purpose Connections (Power, LAN, KB, Mouse)	23
	;	2.3.	3.	ADE-BDE LAN Cables Connection	24
	;	2.3.	4.	ADE-BDE Fiber Optic Cables Connection (Option)	25
		2.3.	5.	IF Switch Connection	26
	2.4	4.	COI	NNECTING THE HIGH-SPEED IF SATCOM SWITCH	27
3	.	DUA	AL S	YSTEM OPERATION	28
	3.1	1.	INT	RODUCTION	28
	3.2	2.	CCI	J OPERATION PRINCIPLES	28
	3.3	3.	GE	TTING STARTED - CCU APPLICATION WINDOWS	29
	3.4	4.	DU	AL SYSTEM OPERATION SCREEN	31
	,	3.4.	1.	Introduction	31
	,	3.4.	2.	Antenna 1 / 2 Monitoring Window	32
	;	3.4.	3.	Menu Bar	34
		3.4.	4.	Command Buttons Toolbar	34



	3.4.5.	Status Bar	35
	3.4.6.	Display Configuration Screen	35
	3.4.7.	Obstruction (Blocked) Zones Screen	36
	3.5. REI	MOTE BASIC OPERATION SCREENS	40
1	REMOT	F Daol ink APPLICATION	41



List of Figures

Figure 1 - Dual System Configuration	. 11
Figure 2 - Antenna's Local Azimuth Angles	. 12
Figure 3 - Antenna's Local Elevation Angles	. 13
Figure 4 - Dual System – Block Diagram	. 16
Figure 5 - Dual System – Interconnection Diagram	. 17
Figure 6 – Dual CCU Front Panel	. 18
Figure 7 - CCU General View	. 19
Figure 8 - CCU Rear Panel Connectors	. 20
Figure 9 - CCU Rear Panel – Hub LAN Connectors	. 24
Figure 10 - CCU Rear Panel – Fiber Optic Connectors	. 25
Figure 11 - CCU Rear Panel – Switch Connectors	. 26
Figure 12 - IF Switch Connectors (Front and Rear Panels)	. 27
Figure 13 - CCU Front Panel	. 29
Figure 14 - Dual System Operation Screen	. 29
Figure 15 - Dual System Operation Screen	. 31
Figure 16 - Antenna Monitoring Window	. 32
Figure 17 - Display Configuration Screen	. 35
Figure 18 - Dual System Operation Screen – Minimal Display	. 36
Figure 19 - Blocked Zones Screen	. 37
Figure 20 - Dual System - Layout Example	. 38
Figure 21 - Obstruction Zones Setting - Evample	30



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



- Keep clear of the moving Antenna, at all times.
- ◆ The Antenna Pedestal is equipped with high torque motors that develop considerable forces. These forces can be harmful.
- ◆ Equipment contains potentially harmful voltages when connected to the designated power sources. Never remove equipment covers except for maintenance or internal adjustments.
- ◆ Before removing the covers of any unit, verify that the POWER switch is in the OFF position.



- Metal parts accessible to the operator are connected to the chassis' ground to prevent shock, and similar hazards. The chassis' ground conductor must not be removed. Ensure the enclosure is at ground potential.
- Only qualified and trained personnel should perform installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.
- ◆ Care should be taken when lifting the radome since it acts as a sail during windy conditions. At least two people should handle the Radome during installation.
- ◆ To prevent shock or fire hazard, when sub-units are open or cables are disconnected, do not expose the equipment (with the exception of the Radome) to rain or moisture.
- Avoid making unauthorized modifications to the circuitry. Any such changes to the system will void the warranty.
- Do not disconnect cables from the equipment while the system is powered-on.



- Interfacing equipment requires the use of high quality connectors and cables.
- Use only ORBIT authorized parts for repair.



ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

ADE Above Deck equipment

BDE Below Deck Equipment

CCU Central Control Unit

CFE Customer Furnished Equipment

F/O Fiber Optic

IMU Inertial Measurement Unit

LAN Local Area Network

LOS Line of Sight

SBC Single Board Controller



ABOUT THIS MANUAL

This Manual provides the shipboard system's operator with system description, and operation instructions. The Manual is divided into the following chapters:

Chapter 1. Dual-Antenna System Description

Provides a general description of the dual system architecture, system units and theory of operation

Chapter 2. CCU Installation and Connections

Provides CCU installation information, CCU cables connection instructions

Chapter 3. Dual-Antenna System Operation

Provides detailed operation information and instructions

Chapter 4. Remote DaoLink Application

Provides short introduction to the remote DaoLink application



1. DUAL SYSTEM



Before reading this manual, Please familiarize yourself with AL-7108 Installation and Operation Manual, MAN29-0820

1.1. DESCRIPTION

1.1.1. Dual System Configuration

To overcome severe visibility angles limitations existing on some ships, dual system configuration is installed on a single ship.

The dual system constellation allows combining the clear view angles of two different locations on a single ship, by switching the Receive (Rx) and Transmit (Tx) signals from a blocked location to a clear one.

The dual system configuration includes two AL-7108 Systems (ADE terminals only), controlled by a single 'Dual type' Central Control Unit (BDE).

The CCU is connected to the SBC in each of the ADE terminals via LAN cables or F/O. The CCU controls an external RF Switch, for the IF Tx/Rx signals, which are switched simultaneously to connect the Modem to the "active" system.

The dual system configuration is shown in the following Figure.



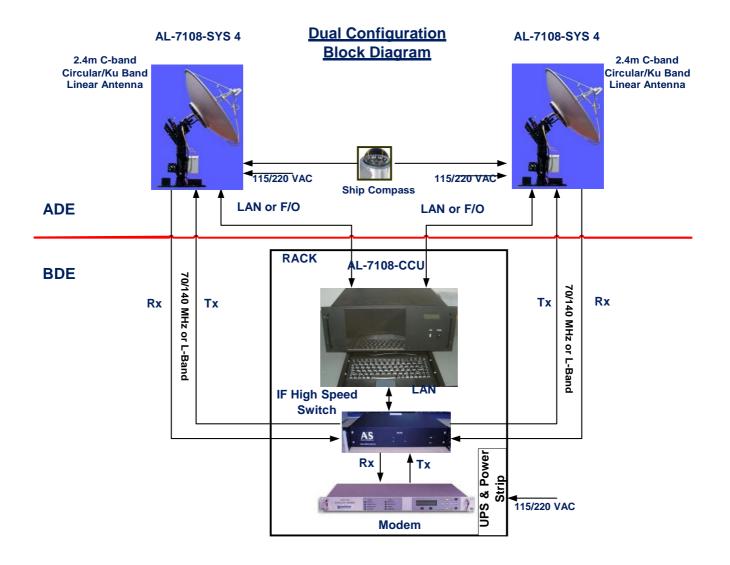


Figure 1 - Dual System Configuration



- The power to the system must be supplied through a UPS unit.
- The following equipment is not supplied nor supported by Orbit:
 TV receivers, distribution systems, TV sets



1.1.2. Dual System Hand-Over Concept

This section describes the concept of hand-over between the two antenna systems that are installed on a ship.

1.1.2.1. Local Antenna Angles

For each antenna system, local angles are defined: Local Antenna Azimuth and Local Antenna Elevation. These angles are needed for mapping the obstruction zones on the ship.

The following Figures present the physical definition of the Local Azimuth and Elevation angles:

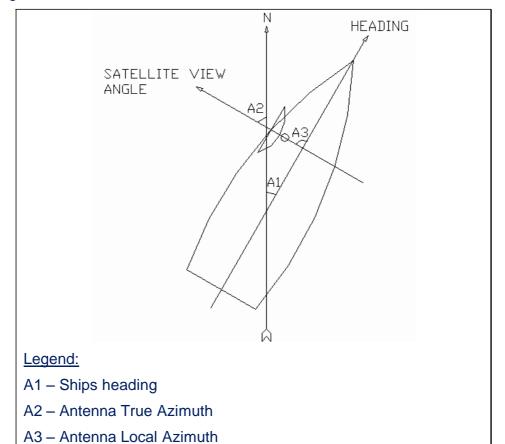


Figure 2 - Antenna's Local Azimuth Angles

*Pitch and Roll angles are assumed to be zero



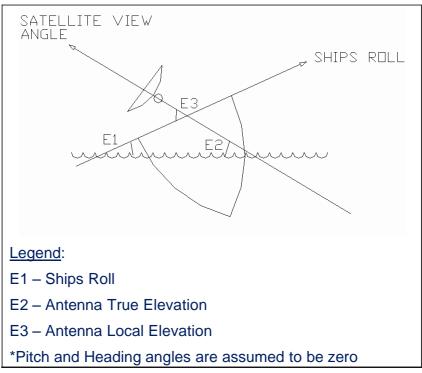


Figure 3 - Antenna's Local Elevation Angles

As shown in the above Figures, it is visible that the Antenna Local Azimuth is the Antenna Azimuth with respect to the ship's Bow-to-Stern line, rather than the North direction, whereas the Antenna Local Elevation is the Antenna Elevation with respect to the ship's deck rather than the horizon level.



The local angles depicted on the Figures above are only for illustration. The actual mathematical definition of those angles is a bit more complex and takes into consideration ships Pitch, Roll and Heading at all times.



1.1.2.2. Mapping the Obstruction Zones

The local angles are used to define and map the antenna obstructions on the ship's deck, by surveying each antenna location and noting the corner angles of each obstruction in Local Azimuth and Elevation terms.

The two-dimensional obstruction definition of each of the two antenna locations is then being entered into the CCU, which in turn will control its internal RF switch, switching the signal coming from the preferable unit.

1.1.2.3. Hand-Over/Switching Logic

The CCU continuously monitors the Local Azimuth and Elevation of both antennas, and switches the RF signals from the two antennas using the following switching logic:

- If Antenna 1 is clear, and Antenna 2 is blocked, Antenna 1 signal is selected
- If Antenna 2 is clear, and Antenna 1 is blocked, Antenna 2 signal is selected
- If both antennas are clear, no switching is activated
- If both antennas are blocked, no switching is activated

The above hand-over logic offers two advantages:

- 1. Natural hysteresis by overlapping zones.
- 2. Future support for systems with more than two antennas.



1.1.3. Theory of Operation - Block Diagram Description

The dual system comprise of two AL-7108 systems and a single 'Dual-Type' Central Control Unit (CCU).

The systems' 'Above-Deck-Equipment' (ADE) is installed on the ship's deck, while the CCU is a Below-Deck-Equipment (BDE) that is placed either in an environmentally controlled indoor compartment, or in a control room.

The CCU is connected to both ADE terminals (actually to the SBC within each terminal) via coaxial cables, implementing CCU to SBC LAN connection for monitoring and control (M&C), or via Single-Mode or Multi-mode Fiber Optic cables (with ST connectors), implementing standard Ethernet LAN link featuring the TCP/IP protocol, which provides the following benefits:

- High data rates with hardly noticeable on-screen delay
- Error checking and correction
- Standard, available hardware

The CCU constantly monitors both systems. It calculates their Local Azimuth and Elevation angles while comparing those against a preset Obstruction Zones mask. All that to produce an appropriate control command to the external L-Band RF switch, which in turn will interconnect the ship's modem to the non-obstructed system.

The following Figure provides interconnection diagram of the Dual system, and of the CCU internal structure.



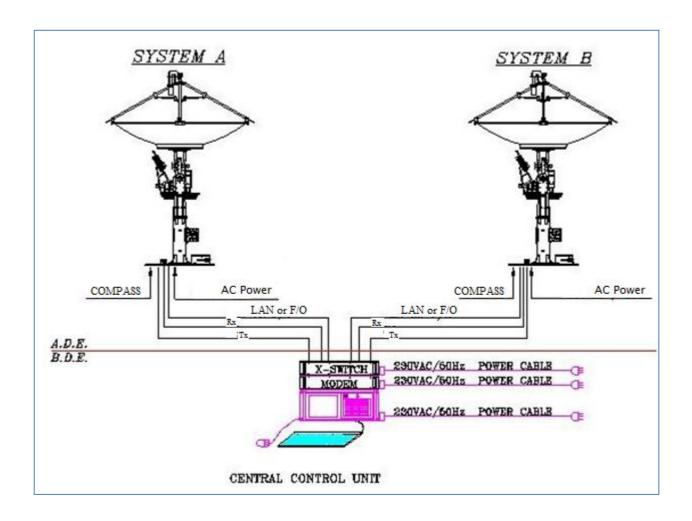


Figure 4 - Dual System - Block Diagram



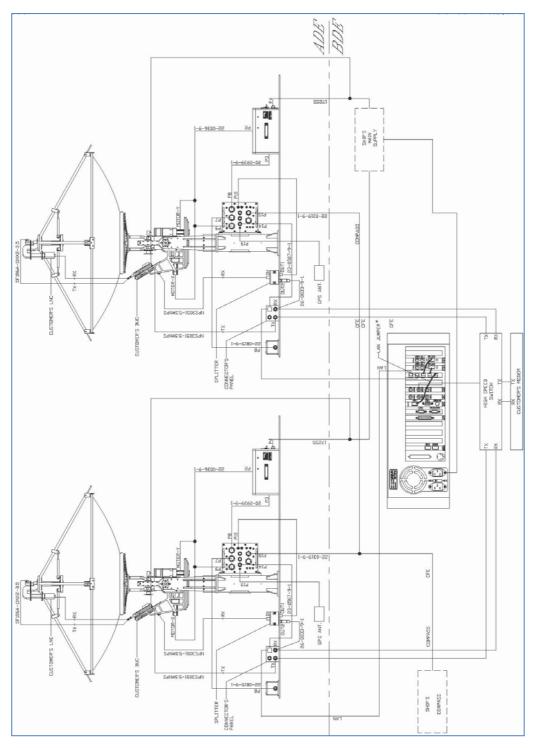


Figure 5 - Dual System – Interconnection Diagram



2. CCU INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS

2.1. INTRODUCTION

This chapter provides CCU installation information, consisting mainly of CCU cables connection instructions.

2.2. CCU INSTALLATION

The CCU is a 5U height unit, typically installed on a dedicated 19-inch rack, located in the ship's equipment room.

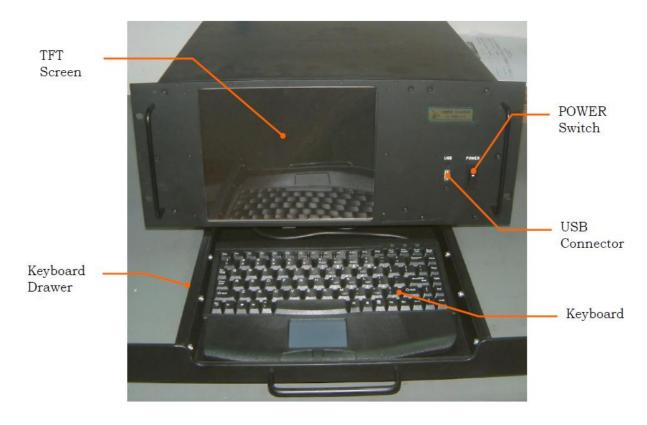


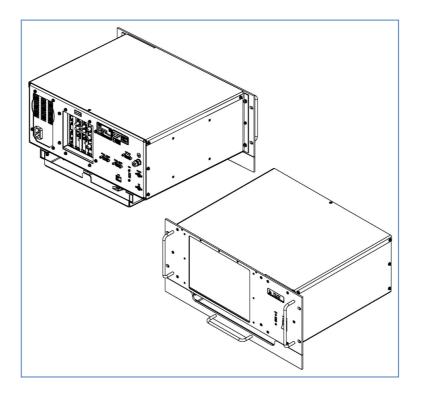
Figure 6 – Dual CCU Front Panel



Verify that the CCU is installed at a distance of at least 5 meters from the vessel's compass.



The following Figure depicts the CCU (with the keyboard drawer) external views.



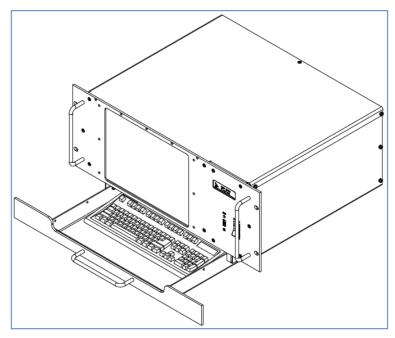


Figure 7 - CCU General View



2.3. CONNECTING CCU CABLES

2.3.1. CCU Rear-Panel Connectors Overview

The following Figure shows the CCU rear-panel connectors, and the subsequent Table specifies the type and function of each connector.



Figure 8 - CCU Rear Panel Connectors



Table 1 CCU Rear Panel Connectors

Connector	Connector Type	Functionality		
Power Supply Inlet	Integrated plug	Mains power connection (power cord from ship's power source).		
COM1	DB9 male	Serial communication connector (RS-422)		
COM2	DB9 male	Serial communication connector (RS-232)		
	CPU Board			
LAN	RJ-45	Connects to the HUB connector via a jumper cable.		
VGA	DB 15-Pin HD	Connects to an external VGA monitor.		
KB / MOUSE	MINI-DIN	Connects the CCU to the keyboard located at the CCU		
		SW-1 Board		
N.C.		Not used.		
OUT		Not used.		
N.O.		Not used.		
	SW-2 Board			
N.C.		Short termination F-Type Connector		
OUT		Controls the high-speed IF Switch		
N.O.		Not used.		
	F/O-1 Board Connectors (for optional configuration)			
F/O TX		CCU – SBC1 fiber optic communication link – transmit line		
F/O RCV		CCU – SBC1 fiber optic communication link – receive line		
F/O LAN	RJ-45	Connects to the Hub's F/O 1 LAN Connector via a jumper cable		
F/O-2 Board Connectors (for optional configuration)				
F/O TX		CCU – SBC2 fiber optic communication link – transmit line		
F/O RCV		CCU – SBC2 fiber optic communication link – receive line		
F/O LAN	RJ-45	Connects to the Hub's F/O 2 LAN Connector via a jumper cable		



	HUB		
F/O 1	RJ-45	LAN port for F/O 1 Board	
F/O 2	RJ-45	LAN port for F/O 2 Board	
LAN	RJ-45	LAN connector. Connected to the CCU LAN connector by a jumper cable.	
	RJ-45	Connects to the BDE-ADE (system 1) cable.	
	RJ-45	Connects to the BDE-ADE (system 2) cable.	

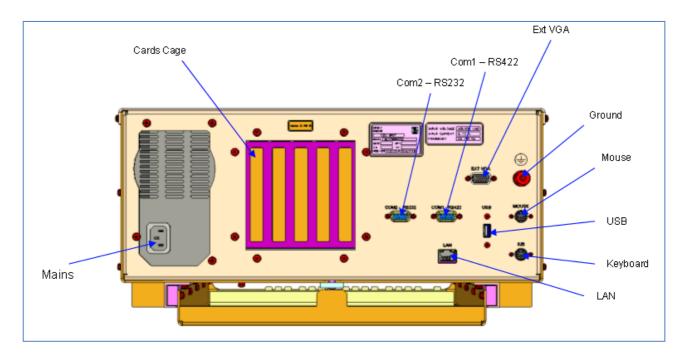
The following paragraphs provide information and instructions pertinent to the available CCU connections.



2.3.2. General-Purpose Connections (Power, LAN, KB, Mouse)

The following Figure depicts the general-purpose cables that should be connected to the CCU:

- Power cable
- ◆ LAN Jumper cables between the Hub and the F/O Cards LAN connectors, and CCU LAN connector
- Keyboard and Mouse





2.3.3. ADE-BDE LAN Cables Connection

The Dual System configuration, implies that each ADE, specifically, each of the SBCs is connected to a CCU Hub port by a LAN cable.

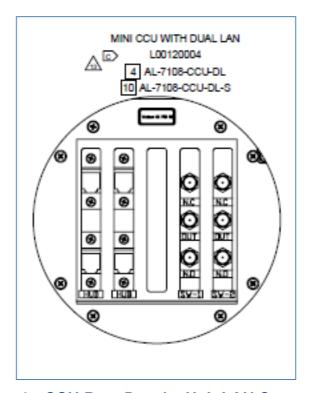


Figure 9 - CCU Rear Panel – Hub LAN Connectors



2.3.4. ADE-BDE Fiber Optic Cables Connection (Option)

The Dual System configuration implies that each ADE, specifically each of SBCs is connected to the CCU by a Single-Mode or Multi-Mode Fiber Optic cable with two connectors.

- Connect the fiber optic cable coming from SBC 1 to F/O 1 Card connectors RCV and TX.
- Connect the fiber optic cable coming from SBC 2 to F/O 2 Card connectors RCV and TX.

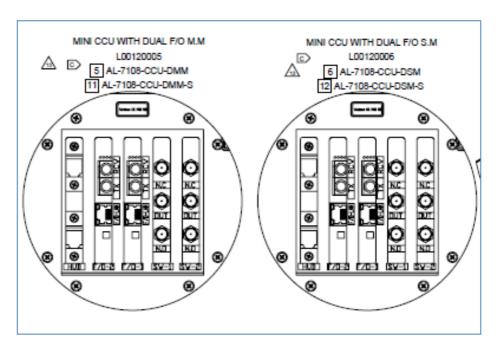


Figure 10 - CCU Rear Panel - Fiber Optic Connectors



2.3.5. IF Switch Connection

The external IF Switch is connected to the CCU via the SW-1/SW-2 OUT connector.

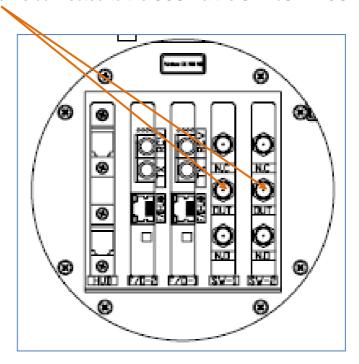


Figure 11 - CCU Rear Panel – Switch Connectors



CONNECTING THE HIGH-SPEED IF SATCOM SWITCH

The High-speed IF-Switch (19", 2U, rack mountable) is controlled by the CCU, and provides seamless handover for the dual system.



Figure 12 - IF Switch Connectors (Front and Rear Panels)

Table 2 IF Switch Connectors

To connect the IF-Switch to the system, perform the connections listed in the following table.

Function	Connector Number	Connection	
POWER		Mains power inlet.	
CONTROL	J7	Control cable from SW-2 OUT connector.	
SWITCH 1			
N.C.	J2	RF signal received at System 1.	
COM	J1	Modem's Rx Input	
N.O.	J3	RF signal received at System 2.	
SWITCH 2			
N.C.	J5	Transmitted RF signal to System 1.	
COM	J4	Modem's Tx output	
N.O.	J6	Transmitted RF signal to System 2.	

27



3. DUAL SYSTEM OPERATION

3.1. INTRODUCTION

This section describes the operation procedures of the Dual system, carried out by the system's operator using the CCU.

3.2. CCU OPERATION PRINCIPLES

Operation of the dual system is controlled from the below-deck CCU, which is used to control the system, to monitor system status, and to setup and configure operational parameters.

The CCU is a PC computer running *Windows CE* operating system and several dedicated software applications. These applications control, monitor and configure the dual system.

The CCU constantly monitors both antenna systems. It calculates their Local Azimuth and Elevation angles while comparing those against a preset Obstruction Zones mask. All that to produce an appropriate control command to the CCU's RF switches, which in turn will connect the signals from the non-obstructed antenna to the ship's Modem.



3.3. GETTING STARTED - CCU APPLICATION WINDOWS

To turn on the CCU, set its POWER switch to the ON position.

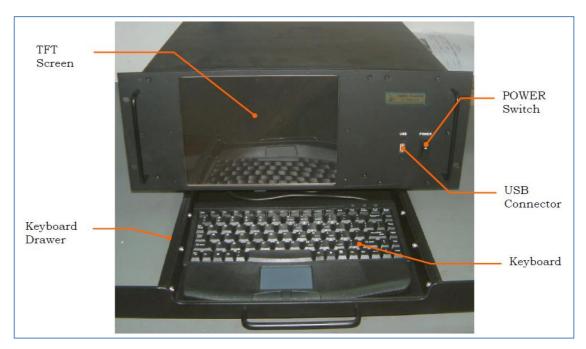


Figure 13 - CCU Front Panel

The CCU invokes the *Windows CE* operating system and automatically opens the following Dual Antenna Operation screen:

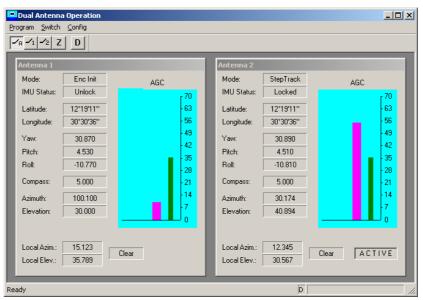
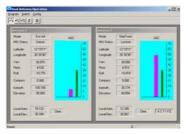


Figure 14 - Dual System Operation Screen



This screen allows access (using windows tabs) to the following windows (Applications):



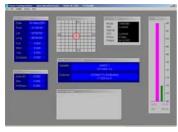
Dual Antenna Operation:

This window, which is the main application of the CCU, monitors the status of both systems, allows manual or automatic switching of RF signals from the systems' antennas, and enables configuration of obstruction zones.



Marine Tracking System (Antenna 1) - Basic Operation Screen:

This window provides remote monitoring and operation of system #1.



Marine Tracking System (Antenna 2) - Basic Operation Screen:

Same as the above for system #2.

The following paragraphs describe the above windows and detail the operation procedures available from each window.



3.4. DUAL SYSTEM OPERATION SCREEN

3.4.1. Introduction

The Dual System Operation screen is divided into several display and control zones, as shown in the following figure:

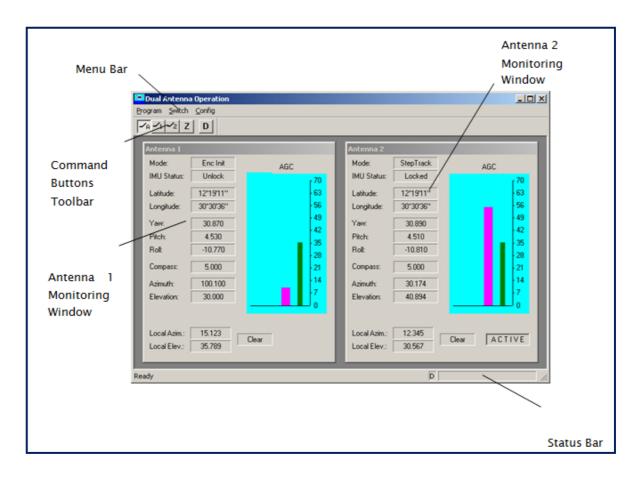


Figure 15 - Dual System Operation Screen



3.4.2. Antenna 1 / 2 Monitoring Window

The Antenna Monitoring window provides remote monitoring of a system, displaying operation modes, parameters and status indications of the system.

A display configuration function is used to determine the fields to be presented on the screen.

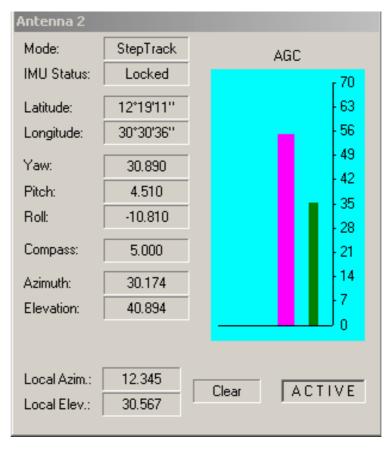


Figure 16 - Antenna Monitoring Window



The window includes the following display fields:

Mode and IMU Status

- Mode- Current system operation mode
- IMU status- Current system's IMU status (locked, unlocked)

Ship Position Data

- Longitude Ship's longitude (from the system's GPS receiver)
- Latitude Ship's latitude (from the system's GPS receiver)
- Yaw Ship's yaw angle (from the system's IMU)
- Pitch Ship's pitch angle (from the system's IMU)
- Roll Ship's roll angle (from the system's IMU)
- Compass Ship's heading (as read from the ship's compass or as entered manually)

Antenna Position Data

- Azimuth Azimuth axis angle
- Elev. Elevation axis angle

AGC Field

This field graphically presents the AGC signal level, which represents the strength of the satellite's signal received by the antenna, side-by-side with the Acquire threshold level.

Local Angles Data

- Local Azim. Local Azimuth angle
- Local Elev. Local Elevation angle
- Local Azim. Clear/Blocked Local Azimuth clear/blocked indicator
- Local Elev. Clear/Blocked Local Elevation clear/blocked indicator

Switching Indicator

• ACTIVE – When the Antenna system's RF signals (Tx and Rx) are switched to the ship's Modem, this indicator appears on the window.



3.4.3. **Menu Bar**

<u>Program Switch Config</u>



The underlined letters denote the fast activation keys (shortcuts) for the same functions.

The Menu Bar provides access to the following functions:

- Program Displays the following drop-menu:
 - Show Version Displays the Version window, containing software Versions data
 - Esc-Exit Terminates the application
- **Switch** Displays a drop-menu which allows to manually switch the RF signals from either Antenna 1 or Antenna 2, or to select Automatic switching.
- Config Displays the following drop-menu:
 - Zones Opens the Blocked Zones window
 - **Display** Opens the Display Configuration window
 - Link Opens the Link Setup window

3.4.4. Command Buttons Toolbar



- Selects automatic switching of RF signals from the antenna systems to the ship's Modem. In this mode, the RF switch is controlled by the CCU according to the obstruction zones
- Manually switches the RF signals from Antenna 1 to the ship's Modem
- Manually switches the RF signals from Antenna 2 to the ship's Modem
- Opens the Blocked Zones window
- D Opens the Display Configuration window



3.4.5. Status Bar

The Status Bar displays the current CCU mode:

MODE:MANUAL

MANUAL - RF switch is manually forced to one of the antennas **AUTO** - RF switch is controlled by the CCU.

3.4.6. Display Configuration Screen

3.4.6.1. Introduction

As stated above, the Antenna Monitoring windows display status and operational parameters read from the systems' controllers.

The Display Configuration screen allows selecting or de-selecting the indicators to be displayed on the Antenna Monitoring windows.

3.4.6.2. Using the Display Configuration Screen

To invoke the Display Configuration screen, select either the menu bar's **Config>Display** option or the **D** command button. The following window is displayed:

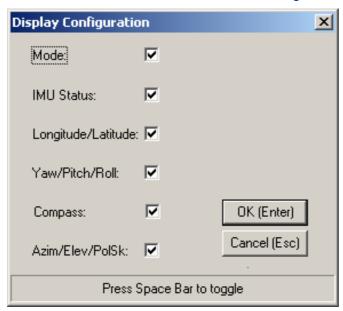


Figure 17 - Display Configuration Screen

Select (by checking - $\sqrt{\ }$) or de-select the pertaining boxes to configure the Antenna Monitoring windows display.

For example, the following Figure shows the Dual System Operation screen with all display fields de-selected (minimal display):



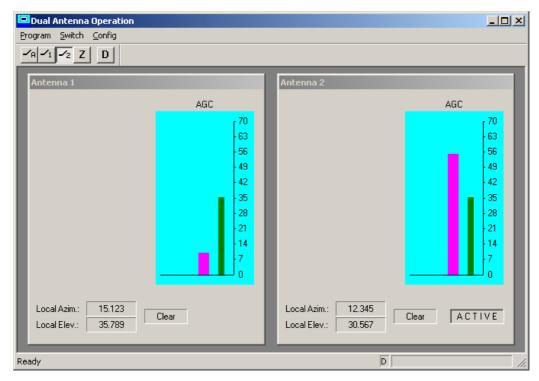


Figure 18 - Dual System Operation Screen – Minimal Display

3.4.7. Obstruction (Blocked) Zones Screen

3.4.7.1. Introduction

For each one of the systems, an Obstruction Zone screen allows defining of up to four obstruction zones, at which the antenna line-of-site (LOS) is blocked.

To define an obstruction zone, four angular points (at Local angles values) are entered into the CCU:

- ◆ Azimuth Start (from)
- ◆ Azimuth End (to)
- ◆ Elevation Start (from)
- ◆ Elevation End (to)

It is not mandatory to enter values for all the zones – leaving blanks in the "from" and "to" fields will effectively disable the relevant zone. However, if a zone is to be defined only in Azimuth, the Elevation angles should be set from 0 to +90 degrees.



3.4.7.2. Using the Obstruction Zone Screen

There are two ways to invoke an Obstruction Zone Screen: Select the menu bar's **Config>Zones** option;

-or-

Select the Z command button.

The following window is displayed:

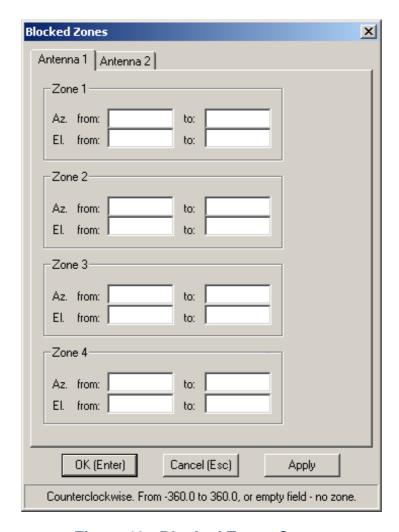


Figure 19 - Blocked Zones Screen

Select the Antenna 1 or Antenna 2 tab on the screen.

Define the obstruction zones by entering the pertaining angular points. Refer to the following example.



3.4.7.3. Obstruction Zone Setting - Example

An example for a simple obstruction zone setting is presented herein:

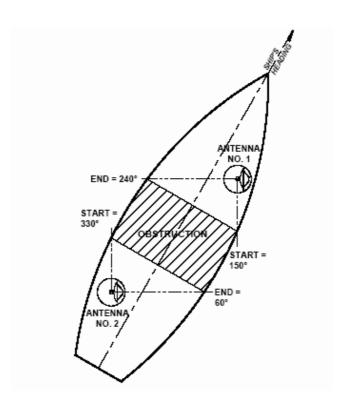


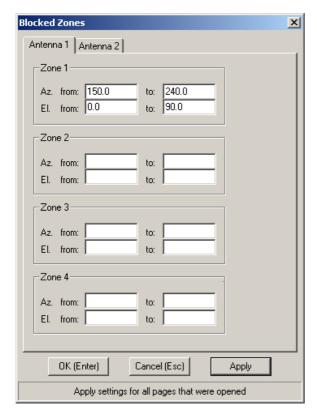
Figure 20 - Dual System - Layout Example

In the case above, Antenna 1 is blocked in the range of 90 degrees, starting from 150.0 to 240.0 degrees. Antenna 2 is also blocked in the range of 90 degrees, starting from 330.0 to 60.0 degrees (all angles are in Local Azimuth terms).

Note that the obstruction zone is defined by a "start" angle, which is always <u>clockwise before</u> an "end" angle.

According to the above example, the obstruction zone setting for both antennas will be as follows:





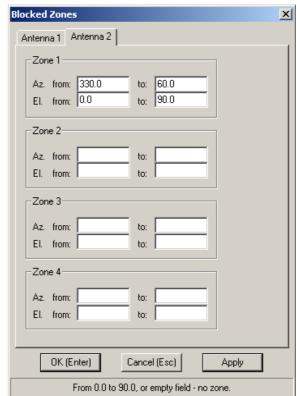


Figure 21 - Obstruction Zones Setting - Example



3.5. REMOTE BASIC OPERATION SCREENS

The CCU presents two Basic Operation Screens, for remote monitoring and operation of the systems.

Each Basic Operation Screens provides all controls and indications needed for normal basic operation of the system. This screen enables the operator to activate the basic modes of operation (satellite and channel selection), while monitoring system's parameters and indicators.

For more advanced control and configuration features, a series of password-accessible screens are available.

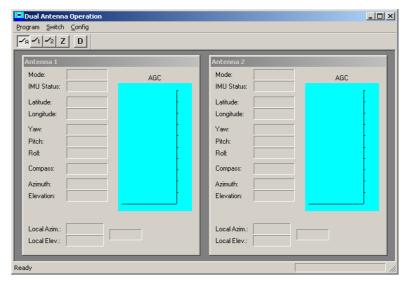


4. REMOTE DaoLink APPLICATION

The Remote Dual System Operation (DaoLink) application enables to monitor the systems from a remote computer/laptop, which is connected to the CCU via LAN connection.

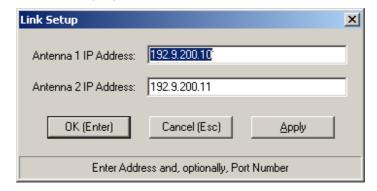
Invoke the application by clicking the **DaoLink** shortcut icon, located under **Start > Programs> Startup**.

The DaoLink application screen is displayed:



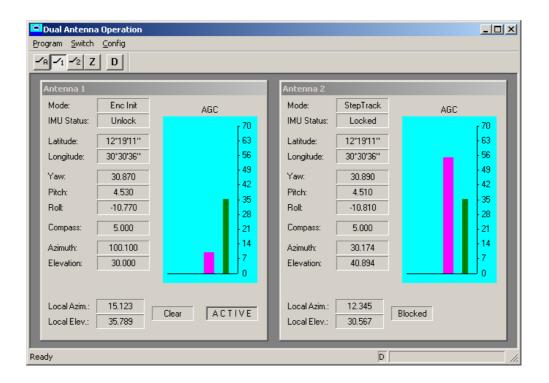
Select the **Config > Link** menu option.

The Link Configuration window is displayed:



Verify that the proper IP addresses of both systems are entered into the **IP Address** fields. Then, the following screen is displayed, presenting the systems' status and data.







The Remote DaoLink application is identical to the local DaoLink application, excluding the use of the switch functions - the remote application is used for monitoring only and does not control the CCU switch.